

SAFETY DATA SHEET
Hydrogen sulphide

Issue Date: 16.01.2013
Last revised date: 20.11.2015

Version: 1.0

SDS No.: 000010021749
1/14

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Hydrogen sulphide

Additional identification

Chemical name: hydrogen sulphide

Chemical formula: H₂S
INDEX No. 016-001-00-4
CAS-No. 7783-06-4
EC No. 231-977-3
REACH Registration No. 01-2119445737-29

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Industrial and professional. Perform risk assessment prior to use. Use for electronic component manufacture. Use for metal treatment. Use the gas as odourising agent in another gas (e.g. LPG). Using gas alone or in mixtures for the calibration of analysis equipment. Using gas as feedstock in chemical processes.

Uses advised against Consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

BOC
Priestley Road, Worsley
M28 2UT Manchester

Telephone: 0800 111 333

E-mail: ReachSDS@boc.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: 0800 111 333

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC as amended.

F+; R12 T+; R26 N; R50

The full text for all R-phrases is displayed in section 16.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended.

Physical Hazards

Flammable gas	Category 1	H220: Extremely flammable gas.
Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas	H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

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Health Hazards

Acute toxicity (Inhalation - gas)	Category 2	H330: Fatal if inhaled.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure	Category 3	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Environmental Hazards

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 1	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
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2.2 Label Elements

Contains: hydrogen sulphide



Signal Words: Danger

Hazard Statement(s): H220: Extremely flammable gas.
H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H330: Fatal if inhaled.
H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary Statement

Prevention: P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260: Do not breathe gas/vapours.
P273: Avoid release to the environment.

Response: P304+P340+P315: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
P377: Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.
P381: Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage: P403: Store in a well-ventilated place.
P405: Store locked up.

Disposal: None.

2.3 Other hazards: Contact with evaporating liquid may cause frostbite or freezing of skin.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Chemical name hydrogen sulphide
INDEX No.: 016-001-00-4
CAS-No.: 7783-06-4
EC No.: 231-977-3
REACH Registration No.: 01-2119445737-29
Purity: 100%

The purity of the substance in this section is used for classification only, and does not represent the actual purity of the substance as supplied, for which other documentation should be consulted.

Trade name: -

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

General: Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

Eye contact: Rinse the eye with water immediately. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical assistance. If medical assistance is not immediately available, flush an additional 15 minutes.

Skin Contact: Contact with evaporating liquid may cause frostbite or freezing of skin.

Ingestion: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: May be fatal if inhaled. Contact with liquefied gas can cause damage (frostbite) due to rapid evaporative cooling.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Hazards: May be fatal if inhaled. Contact with liquefied gas can cause damage (frostbite) due to rapid evaporative cooling.

Treatment: Treat with a corticosteroid spray as soon as possible after inhalation. Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

General Fire Hazards: Heat may cause the containers to explode.

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use water spray to reduce vapours or divert vapour cloud drift. Water Spray or Fog. Dry powder. Foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture: Fire or excessive heat may produce hazardous decomposition products. Fire or excessive heat may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Hazardous Combustion Products: If involved in a fire the following toxic and/or corrosive fumes may be produced by thermal decomposition: sulphur dioxide

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures: In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Use of water may result in the formation of very toxic aqueous solutions. Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources. Dyke for water control. Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool. Use extinguishants to contain the fire. Isolate the source of the fire or let it burn out.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Gas tight chemically protective clothing (Type 1) in combination with self contained breathing apparatus. Guideline: EN 943-2 Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, aerosols and solid particles. Performance requirements for gas-tight (Type 1) chemical protective suits for emergency teams (ET)

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Consider the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Monitor the concentration of the released product. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask - Requirements, testing, marking.

6.2 Environmental Precautions: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Reduce vapour with fog or fine water spray. Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources. Dyke for water control.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Provide adequate ventilation. Eliminate sources of ignition. Wash contaminated equipment or sites of leaks with copious quantities of water.

6.4 Reference to other sections: Refer to sections 8 and 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and Storage:

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Purge system with dry inert gas (e.g. helium or nitrogen) before gas is introduced and when system is placed out of service. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Containers, which contain or have contained flammable or explosive substances, must not be inerted with liquid carbon dioxide. Assess the risk of a potentially explosive atmosphere and the need for suitable equipment i.e. explosion-proof. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges). Provide electrical earthing of equipment and electrical equipment usable in explosive atmospheres. Use only non-sparking tools. Installation of a cross purge assembly between the container and the regulator is recommended. Excess pressure must be vented through an appropriate scrubber system. Refer to supplier's handling instructions. The substance must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Ensure the complete system has been (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the container contents. When moving containers, even for short distances, use appropriate equipment eg. trolley, hand truck, fork truck etc. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Provide adequate ventilation. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Avoid suckback of water, acid and alkalis. Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place. Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water. If user experiences any difficulty operating container valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to transfer gases from one container to another. Container valve guards or caps should be in place.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

All electrical equipment in the storage areas should be compatible with the risk of a potentially explosive atmosphere. Segregate from oxidant gases and other oxidants being stored. Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general conditions and leakage. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep away from combustible material.

7.3 Specific end use(s):

None.

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SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical name	type	Exposure Limit Values	Source
hydrogen sulphide	TWA	5 ppm 7 mg/m ³	UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) (12 2011)
	STEL	10 ppm 14 mg/m ³	UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) (12 2011)
	TWA	5 ppm 7 mg/m ³	EU. Indicative Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU (12 2009)
	STEL	10 ppm 14 mg/m ³	EU. Indicative Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU (12 2009)

DNEL-Values

Critical component	type	Value	Remarks
hydrogen sulphide	Workers - Inhalation, Local, long-term	7 mg/m ³	respiratory tract irritation
	Workers - Inhalation, Systemic, short-term	14 mg/m ³	-
	Workers - Inhalation, Systemic, long-term	7 mg/m ³	Repeated dose toxicity
	Workers - Inhalation, Local, short-term	14 mg/m ³	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Consider a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Keep concentrations well below occupational exposure limits. Gas detectors should be used when toxic quantities may be released. Gas detectors should be used when quantities of flammable gases or vapours may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Product to be handled in a closed system and under strictly controlled conditions. Use only permanent leak tight installations (e.g. welded pipes). Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information:

A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered. Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Protect eyes, face and skin from contact with product. Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

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Eye/face protection:	Safety eyewear, goggles or face-shield to EN166 should be used to avoid exposure to liquid splashes. Wear eye protection to EN 166 when using gases. Guideline: EN 166 Personal Eye Protection.
Skin protection	
Hand Protection:	Wear working gloves while handling containers Guideline: EN 388 Protective gloves against mechanical risks.
Body protection:	Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Keep suitable chemically resistant protective clothing readily available for emergency use. Guideline: ISO/TR 2801:2007 Clothing for protection against heat and flame -- General recommendations for selection, care and use of protective clothing. Guideline: EN 943 Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, including liquid aerosols and solid particles.
Other:	Wear safety shoes while handling containers Guideline: ISO 20345 Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.
Respiratory Protection:	Reference should be made to European Standard EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances. The selection of the Respiratory Protective Device (RPD) must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected RPD.
Thermal hazards:	No precautionary measures are necessary.
Hygiene measures:	Obtain special instructions before use. Specific risk management measures are not required beyond good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product.
Environmental exposure controls:	For waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 9: Physical And Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state:	Gas
Form:	Liquefied gas
Colour:	Colourless
Odour:	Strong odour of rotten eggs
Odour Threshold:	Odour threshold is subjective and is inadequate to warn of over exposure.
pH:	4.5 Freshly prepared aqueous solution
Melting Point:	-86 °C
Boiling Point:	-60.2 °C
Sublimation Point:	not applicable.
Critical Temp. (°C):	100.0 °C
Flash Point:	Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.

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Evaporation Rate:	Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.
Flammability (solid, gas):	Flammable Gas
Flammability limit - upper (%):	45.5 %(V)
Flammability limit - lower(%):	3.9 %(V)
Vapour pressure:	2,079.792 kPa (25 °C)
Vapour density (air=1):	1.2
Relative density:	0.92
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in Water:	3.98 g/l
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not known.
Autoignition Temperature:	270 °C
Decomposition Temperature:	When heated to decomp, emits highly toxic fumes of sulfoxides.
Viscosity	
Kinematic viscosity:	No data available.
Dynamic viscosity:	8 mPa.s (25 °C)
Explosive properties:	Not applicable.
Oxidising Properties:	not applicable.

9.2 Other information:	Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.
Molecular weight:	34.08 g/mol (H ₂ S)
Minimum ignition temperature:	270 °C

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity:	No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-section below.
10.2 Chemical Stability:	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	Can form a potentially explosive atmosphere in air. May react violently with oxidants.
10.4 Conditions to Avoid:	Avoid moisture in the installation. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
10.5 Incompatible Materials:	Air and oxidisers. Moisture. For material compatibility see latest version of ISO-11114. With water causes rapid corrosion of some metals.
10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. If involved in a fire the following toxic and/or corrosive fumes may be produced by thermal decomposition: sulphur dioxide

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SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

General information: None.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - Oral

Product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - Dermal

Product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - Inhalation

Product

Fatal if inhaled.

hydrogen sulphide

LC 50 (Rat, 1 h): 712 ppm Remarks: Gas
LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 444 ppm Remarks: Gas

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation

Product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

In vitro

Ames test in vitro: (OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)):
Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity (Fertility)

Fertility: Rat
NOAEC: 80 ppm

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Product

Route of Exposure: Inhalation
Causes irritation to the respiratory tract May cause respiratory irritation.

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Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Product Route of Exposure: Inhalation
Causes damage to the central nervous system.

Aspiration Hazard

Product Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures..

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

General information: Very toxic to aquatic organisms. Endangering to drinking water. Avoid release to the environment. Product is not allowed to be discharged into ground water or the aquatic environment.

12.1 Toxicity

Acute toxicity

Product Toxic to aquatic organisms. Very toxic to aquatic life.

Acute toxicity - Fish

hydrogen sulphide LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 0.013 mg/l (flow-through)

Acute toxicity - Aquatic Invertebrates

hydrogen sulphide EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna)): 0.12 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms

hydrogen sulphide Not reported LC 50 (Planarian, flatworm (Planaria)): < 10 mg/l Mortality
Activated sludge, domestic. EC 50 29 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and Degradability

Product Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures..

Biodegradation

Inorganic The product is not readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential

Product The substance has no potential for bioaccumulation.

12.4 Mobility in Soil

Product The substance has low mobility in soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Product Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Other Adverse Effects:

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Other Ecological Information

May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems. Depending on local conditions and existing concentrations, disturbances in the biodegradation process of activated sludge are possible.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

General information:

Must not be discharged to atmosphere. Consult supplier for specific recommendations.

Disposal methods:

Refer to the EIGA code of practice (Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at <http://www.eiga.org>) for more guidance on suitable disposal methods. Dispose of container via supplier only. Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.

European Waste Codes

Container:

16 05 04*: gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport Information

ADR

14.1 UN Number: UN 1053
14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: HYDROGEN SULPHIDE
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)
Class: 2
Label(s): 2.3, 2.1
Hazard No. (ADR): 263
Tunnel restriction code: (B/D)
Emergency Action Code: 2WE
14.4 Packing Group: -
14.5 Environmental hazards: Environmentally Hazardous
14.6 Special precautions for user: -

RID

14.1 UN Number: UN 1053
14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: HYDROGEN SULPHIDE
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)
Class: 2
Label(s): 2.3, 2.1
14.4 Packing Group: -
14.5 Environmental hazards: Environmentally Hazardous
14.6 Special precautions for user: -

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IMDG

14.1 UN Number: UN 1053
14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: HYDROGEN SULPHIDE
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)
Class: 2.3
Label(s): 2.3, 2.1
EmS No.: F-D, S-U
14.3 Packing Group: -
14.5 Environmental hazards: not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user: -

IATA

14.1 UN Number: UN 1053
14.2 Proper Shipping Name: Hydrogen sulphide
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es):
Class: 2.3
Label(s): -
14.4 Packing Group: -
14.5 Environmental hazards: Environmentally Hazardous
14.6 Special precautions for user: -
Other information
Passenger and cargo aircraft: Forbidden.
Cargo aircraft only: Forbidden.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code: not applicable

Additional identification:

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers ensure that they are firmly secured. Ensure that the container valve is closed and not leaking. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Ensure adequate air ventilation.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

EU Regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use:

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration
hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	100%

Directive 96/82/EC (Seveso II): on the control of major accident hazards involving dangerous substances:

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration
hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	100%

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Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work:

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration
hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	100%

National Regulations

Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR 2002 No. 2776). Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations (1999 No. 3242). The Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 (2005 No. 1541). Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH, 2002 No. 2677). Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations (PUWER, 1998 No. 2306). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations (1992 No. 2966). Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations (COMAH, 2015 No. 483). Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (EPS, 1996 No. 192). Pressure Systems Safety Regulations (PSSR, 2000 No. 128). Only products that comply with the food regulations (EC) No. 1333/2008 and (EU) No. 231/2012 and are labelled as such may be used as food additives.

This Safety Data Sheet has been produced to comply with Regulation (EU) 453/2010.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other Information

Revision Information: Not relevant.

Key literature references and sources for data: Various sources of data have been used in the compilation of this SDS, they include but are not exclusive to:
Agency for Toxic Substances and Diseases Registry (ATSDR) (<http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/>).
European Chemical Agency: Guidance on the Compilation of Safety Data Sheets.
European Chemical Agency: Information on Registered Substances
<http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/registered-sub.aspx#search>
European Industrial Gases Association (EIGA) Doc. 169 Classification and Labelling guide.
International Programme on Chemical Safety (<http://www.inchem.org/>)
ISO 10156:2010 Gases and gas mixtures - Determination of fire potential and oxidizing ability for the selection of cylinder valve outlets.
Matheson Gas Data Book, 7th Edition.
National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST) Standard Reference Database Number 69.
The ESIS (European chemical Substances 5 Information System) platform of the former European Chemicals Bureau (ECB) ESIS (<http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/esis/>).
The European Chemical Industry Council (CEFIC) ERICards.
United States of America's National Library of Medicine's toxicology data network TOXNET (<http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/index.html>)
Threshold Limit Values (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).
Substance specific information from suppliers.
Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of publication.
EH40 (as amended) Workplace exposure limits.

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Wording of the R-phrases and H-statements in sections 2 and 3

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
R12	Extremely flammable.
R26	Very toxic by inhalation.
R50	Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Training information: Users of breathing apparatus must be trained. Ensure operators understand the toxicity hazard.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended.

Flam. Gas 1, H220
Press. Gas Liq. Gas, H280
Acute Tox. 2, H330
STOT SE 3, H335
Aquatic Acute 1, H400

Other information: Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted. Note: When the Product Name appears in the SDS header the decimal sign and its position comply with rules for the structure and drafting of international standards, and is a comma on the line. As an example 2,000 is two (to three decimal places) and not two thousand, whilst 1.000 is one thousand and not one (to three decimal places).

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Disclaimer: This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.