SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/ mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
Product name: C5H12 2500 PPM; C5H12 2500 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C3H8 2%; C2H6 5%; CH4 20%; N2 71.5%

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses: Industrial and professional. Perform risk assessment prior to use.
Uses advised against: Consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Supplier: BOC
Priestley Road, Worsley
M28 2UT Manchester
Telephone: 0800 111 333
E-mail: ReachSDS@boc.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: 0800 111 333

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
Classification according to Directive 67/ 548/ EEC or 1999/ 45/ EC as amended.
F+; R12
The full text for all R-phrases is displayed in section 16.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/ 2008 as amended.
Physical Hazards
Flammable gas Category 1 H220: Extremely flammable gas.
Gases under pressure Compressed gas H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

2.2 Label Elements

Signal Words: Danger
Hazard Statement(s): H220: Extremely flammable gas.
H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
SAFETY DATA SHEET
C5H12 2500 PPM;C5H12 2500 PPM;C4H10 5000 PPM;C4H10 5000 PPM;C3H8 2 %;C2H6 5 %;CH4 20 %;N2 71,5 %

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Precautionary Statement
Prevention: P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Response: P377: Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. P381: Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage: P403: Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal: None.

2.3 Other hazards: None.

SECTION 3: Composition/ information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Chemical formula</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>EC No.</th>
<th>REACH Registration No.</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pentane</td>
<td>C5H12</td>
<td>2,500PPM</td>
<td>109-66-0</td>
<td>203-692-4</td>
<td>01-2119459286-30</td>
<td>#</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isopentane; 2-methylbutane</td>
<td>C5H12</td>
<td>2,500PPM</td>
<td>78-78-4</td>
<td>201-142-8</td>
<td>01-2119475602-38</td>
<td>#</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butane</td>
<td>C4H10</td>
<td>5,000PPM</td>
<td>106-97-8</td>
<td>203-448-7</td>
<td>01-2119474691-32</td>
<td>#</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutane</td>
<td>C4H10</td>
<td>5,000PPM</td>
<td>75-28-5</td>
<td>200-857-2</td>
<td>01-2119485395-27</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>propane</td>
<td>C3H8</td>
<td>2 %</td>
<td>74-98-6</td>
<td>200-827-9</td>
<td>01-2119486944-21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethane</td>
<td>C2H6</td>
<td>5 %</td>
<td>74-84-0</td>
<td>200-814-8</td>
<td>01-2119486765-21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>methane</td>
<td>CH4</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>74-82-8</td>
<td>200-812-7</td>
<td>01-2119474442-39</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The concentrations of the components in the SDS header, product name on page one and in section 3.2 are in mol due to regulatory requirements. All concentrations are nominal. 
# This substance has workplace exposure limit(s).
PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance. 
vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

C5H12 2500 PPM; C5H12 2500 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C3H8 2%; C2H6 5%; CH4 20%; N2 71.5%

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Classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pentane</td>
<td>DSD: F+; R12 Xn; R65 R66 R67 N; R51/53</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CLP: Asp. Tox. 1; H304, STOT SE 3; H336, Aquatic Chronic 2; H411, Flam. Liq. 1; H224</td>
<td>Note C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isopentane; 2-methylbutane</td>
<td>DSD: F+; R12 Xn; R65 R66 R67 N; R51/53</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CLP: Flam. Liq. 1; H224, Asp. Tox. 1; H304, STOT SE 3; H336, Aquatic Chronic 2; H411</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butane</td>
<td>DSD: F+; R12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutane</td>
<td>DSD: F+; R12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane</td>
<td>DSD: F+; R12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethane</td>
<td>DSD: F+; R12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methane</td>
<td>DSD: F+; R12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen</td>
<td>DSD: none</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CLP: Press. Gas Compr. Gas; H280</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DSD: Directive 67/548/EEC.

Note C: Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers. In this case the supplier must state on the label whether the substance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers.

Note U: When put on the market gases have to be classified as ‘Gases under pressure’, in one of the groups compressed gas, liquefied gas, refrigerated liquefied gas or dissolved gas. The group depends on the physical state in which the gas is packaged and therefore has to be assigned case by case.

The full text for all R-phrases and H-statements is displayed in section 16.

**SECTION 4: First Aid Measures**

In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/ consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation:

In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/ consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

#### Eye contact:

Adverse effects not expected from this product.
Skin Contact: Adverse effects not expected from this product.

Ingestion: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Respiratory arrest.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Hazards: None.

Treatment: None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

General Fire Hazards: Heat may cause the containers to explode.

5.1 Extinguishing media


Unsuitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture: Incomplete combustion may form carbon monoxide

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures: In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not extinguish flames at leak because possibility of uncontrolled explosive re-ignition exists. Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool. Use extinguishants to contain the fire. Isolate the source of the fire or let it burn out.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Guideline: EN 469 Protective clothing for firefighters. Performance requirements for protective clothing for firefighting. EN 15090 Footwear for firefighters. EN 659 Protective gloves for firefighters. EN 443 Helmets for fire fighting in buildings and other structures. EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask - Requirements, testing, marking.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

C5H12 2500 PPM; C5H12 2500 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C3H8 2 %; C2H6 5 %; CH4 20 %; N2 71,5 %

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SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Consider the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Monitor the concentration of the released product. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask - Requirements, testing, marking.

6.2 Environmental Precautions:
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:
Provide adequate ventilation. Eliminate sources of ignition.

6.4 Reference to other sections:
Refer to sections 8 and 13.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

C5H12 2500 PPM; C5H12 2500 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C3H8 2 %; C2H6 5 %; CH4 20 %; N2 71,5 %

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SECTION 7: Handling and Storage:

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Purge system with dry inert gas (e.g. helium or nitrogen) before gas is introduced and when system is placed out of service. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Containers, which contain or have contained flammable or explosive substances, must not be inerted with liquid carbon dioxide. Assess the risk of a potentially explosive atmosphere and the need for suitable equipment i.e. explosion-proof. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges). Provide electrical earthing of equipment and electrical equipment usable in explosive atmospheres. Use only non-sparking tools. Refer to supplier's handling instructions. The substance must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Ensure the complete system has been (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the container contents. When moving containers, even for short distances, use appropriate equipment eg. trolley, hand truck, fork truck etc. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Provide adequate ventilation. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Avoid suckback of water, acid and alkalis. Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place. Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Store in accordance with local/ regional/ national/ international regulations. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminates particularly oil and water. If user experiences any difficulty operating container valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to transfer gases from one container to another. Container valve guards or caps should be in place.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

All electrical equipment in the storage areas should be compatible with the risk of a potentially explosive atmosphere. Segregate from oxidant gases and other oxidants being stored. Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general conditions and leakage. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep away from combustible material.

7.3 Specific end use(s):

None.
SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/ Personal Protection

8.1 Control Parameters

**Occupational Exposure Limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>type</th>
<th>Exposure Limit Values</th>
<th>Source</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butane</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>600 ppm</td>
<td>1,450 mg/ m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>750 ppm</td>
<td>1,810 mg/ m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pentane</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>600 ppm</td>
<td>1,800 mg/ m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,000 ppm</td>
<td>3,000 mg/ m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isopentane; 2-</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>600 ppm</td>
<td>1,800 mg/ m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>methylbutane</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,000 ppm</td>
<td>3,000 mg/ m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DNEL-Values**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Critical component</th>
<th>type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pentane</td>
<td>Worker - inhalative, long-</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>term - systemic</td>
<td>mg/ m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Worker - dermal, long-term</td>
<td>432</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>systemic</td>
<td>mg/ kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>bw/ day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isopentane; 2-</td>
<td>Worker - inhalative, long-</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>methylbutane</td>
<td>term - systemic</td>
<td>mg/ m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Worker - dermal, long-term</td>
<td>432</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>systemic</td>
<td>mg/ kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>bw/ day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PNEC-Values**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Critical component</th>
<th>type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pentane</td>
<td>Aquatic (freshwater)</td>
<td>230</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>0.55</td>
<td>mg/ kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sediment (marine water)</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>mg/ kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>3600</td>
<td>µg/ l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sediment (freshwater)</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>mg/ kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aquatic (marine water)</td>
<td>230</td>
<td>µg/ l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aquatic (intermit. releases)</td>
<td>880</td>
<td>µg/ l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Consider a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Keep concentrations well below lower explosion limits. Gas detectors should be used when quantities of flammable gases or vapours may be released. Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Product to be handled in a closed system. Use only permanent leak tight installations (e.g. welded pipes). Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information:

A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered. Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product.

Eye/face protection:

Wear eye protection to EN 166 when using gases.
Guideline: EN 166 Personal Eye Protection.

Skin protection

Hand Protection:

Wear working gloves while handling containers
Guideline: EN 388 Protective gloves against mechanical risks.

Body protection:

Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Other:

Wear safety shoes while handling containers
Guideline: ISO 20345 Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.

Respiratory Protection:

Not required.

Thermal hazards:

No precautionary measures are necessary.

Hygiene measures:

Specific risk management measures are not required beyond good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product.

Environmental exposure controls:

For waste disposal, see section 13.
SECTION 9: Physical And Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance
- **Physical state:** Gas
- **Form:** Compressed gas
- **Colour:**
  - C5H12: Colourless
  - C4H10: Colourless
  - C4H10: Colourless
  - C3H8: Colourless
  - C2H6: Colourless
  - CH4: Colourless
  - N2: Colourless

Odour:
- C5H12: Gasoline-like odor
- C4H10: Gasoline-like or natural gas odor
- C4H10: Gasoline-like or natural gas odor
- C3H8: Odorless
- C2H6: Odorless
- CH4: Odorless
- N2: Odorless gas
- C5H12: Faint

Odour Threshold: Odour threshold is subjective and is inadequate to warn of over exposure.

**pH:** not applicable.

Melting Point: No data available.

Boiling Point: No data available.

Sublimation Point: not applicable.

Critical Temp. (°C): No data available.

Flash Point: Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.

Evaporation Rate: Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.

Flammability (solid, gas): This product is not flammable.

Flammability limit - upper (%): not applicable.

Flammability limit - lower (%): not applicable.

Vapour pressure: No reliable data available.

Vapour density (air=1): 0.93 (calculated) (15 °C)

Relative density: No data available.

Solubility(ies)
- **Solubility in Water:** No data available.
- **Partition coefficient (n-octanol/ water):** Not known.

Autoignition Temperature: not applicable.

Decomposition Temperature: Not known.

Viscosity
- **Kinematic viscosity:** No data available.
- **Dynamic viscosity:** No data available.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

C5H12 2500 PPM; C5H12 2500 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C3H8 2%; C2H6 5%; CH4 20%; N2 71.5%

Explosive properties: Not applicable.
Oxidising Properties: not applicable.

9.2 Other information: None.

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-section below.

10.2 Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Can form a potentially explosive atmosphere in air. May react violently with oxidants.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible Materials: Air and oxidisers. For material compatibility see latest version of ISO-11114.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

General information: None.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - Oral Product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Component information
pentane
LD 50 (Rat): >2,000 mg/kg
LD 50 (Rat): >2000 mg/kg bw/day

isopentane; 2-methylbutane
LD 50 (Rat): >2,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity - Dermal Product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - Inhalation Product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Component information
pentane
LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): >25.3 mg/l Remarks: Vapor
LC 50 (2 h): 23500 ppm
SAFETY DATA SHEET

C5H12 2500 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C3H8 2%; C2H6 5%; CH4 20%; N2 71.5%

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isopentane; 2-methylbutane
LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): > 25.3 mg/l Remarks: Vapor

Repeated dose toxicity

Component information
pentane
NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 20,000 mg/m³

isopentane; 2-methylbutane
NOAEL (Rat, Inhalation): 30 mg/l

Butane
NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 42 d): 16,000 ppm(m) Inhalation
Experimental result, Key study

Isobutane
NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 42 d): 16,000 ppm(m) Inhalation
Experimental result, Key study

ethane
NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 19,678 mg/m³ Inhalation Experimental result
NOAEC (Rat, Inhalation): 19678 mg/m³

methane
NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 13 Weeks): 10,000 ppm(m) Inhalation
Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study
NOAEC (Rat, Inhalation): 4000 ppm
LOAEC (Rat, Inhalation): 12000 ppm

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Component information
pentane
in vivo (Rabbit): Not classified as an Irritant

isopentane; 2-methylbutane
in vivo (Rabbit): Not classified as an Irritant

Serious Eye Damage/ Eye Irritation

Product
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Component information
pentane
in vivo (Rabbit, 48 hrs): Not irritanting OECD GHS

isopentane; 2-methylbutane
in vivo (Rabbit, 24 hrs): Not irritanting OECD GHS

Butane
Not irritanting

ethane
Not irritanting
Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation
Product
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity
Product
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

In vitro
Component information
ethane
Ames test in vitro: (OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)): Negative.
methane
Chromosome aberration (OECD Guideline 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)): Negative.

In vivo
Component information
ethane
methane

Carcinogenicity
Product
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity
Product
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity (Fertility)
Component information
methane
Gestation: Rat Inhalation (OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test))
NOAEC: 9,000 ppm
Fertility: Rat Inhalation (OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test))
NOAEC: 3,000 ppm

Developmental toxicity (Teratogenicity)
Component information
methane
Rat Inhalation (OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test))
NOAEC: 9,000 ppm

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
Product
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Component information
SAFETY DATA SHEET

C5H12 2500 PPM; C5H12 2500 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C3H8 2%; C2H6 5%; CH4 20%; N2 71.5%

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Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
Product
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration Hazard
Product
Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

Acute toxicity
Product
No ecological damage caused by this product.

Acute toxicity - Fish
Component information
pentane
LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 4.26 mg/l (Static renewal) Remarks: experimental result

isopentane; 2-methylbutane
LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 4.26 mg/l (Static renewal) Remarks: interpreted
LC50 (Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), 96 h): 4.26 mg/l

Butane
LC50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l (QSAR) Remarks: QSAR QSAR, Key study

Isobutane
LC50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l (QSAR) Remarks: QSAR QSAR, Key study

Propane
LC50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l (QSAR) Remarks: QSAR QSAR, Key study
LC50 (Fish, 96 h): 49.9 mg/l

Ethane
LC50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l (QSAR) Remarks: QSAR QSAR, Key study
LC50 (Fish, 96 h): 91.4 mg/l

Methane
LC50 (Various, 96 h): 91.42 mg/l (QSAR) Remarks: QSAR QSAR, Key study
LC50 (Various (Freshwater), 96 h): 27.98 mg/l (calculated)

Acute toxicity - Aquatic Invertebrates
Component information
pentane
EC50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 2.7 mmol/m³

isopentane; 2-methylbutane
EC50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna)): 2.3 mg/l

Butane
LC50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 14.2 mg/l

Propane
EC50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 27.1 mg/l

Ethane
EC50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 46.6 mg/l

Methane
LC50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 27.14 mg/l
Toxicity to microorganisms

Component information

propane
EC50 (Alga, 72 h): 11.9 mg/l

ethane
EC50 (Alga, 72 h): 16.5 mg/l

methane
EC50 (Alga, 96 h): 19.37 mg/l Not harmful to microorganisms

Toxicity to aquatic plants

Component information

pentane
EC50 (Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum), 72 h): 10.7 mg/l NOEC (Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum), 72 h): 2.04 mg/l

isopentane; 2-methylbutane
NOEC (Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata), 72 h): 7.51 mg/l
EC50 (Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata), 72 h): 10.7 mg/l

Butane
LC50 (Alga, 72 h): 7.7 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and Degradability

Product

Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.

Biodegradation

Component information

methane
100 %

Photodegradation

Component information

pentane
Non-significant photolysis

Stability in water

Component information

pentane
87 % Non-significant hydrolysis

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential

Product

The product is expected to biodegrade and is not expected to persist for long periods in an aquatic environment.

12.4 Mobility in Soil

Product

Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.
Component information

- Pentane: Henry's Law Constant: 7,010 MPa (25 °C)
- Isopentane; 2-methylbutane: Henry's Law Constant: 7,851 MPa
- Methane: Henry's Law Constant: 3,690 MPa (25 °C)

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product: Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Other Adverse Effects:

Global Warming Potential:

- Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases covered by the Kyoto protocol. When discharged in large quantities may contribute to the greenhouse effect.

Component information

- Methane: UN / IPCC. Greenhouse Gas Global Warming Potentials (IPCC Fourth Assessment Report, Climate Change, Table TS.2)
  - Global warming potential: 25 100-yr
- Pentane: Global warming potential: 5
- Isopentane; 2-methylbutane: Global warming potential: 5
- Butane
- Isobutane: Global warming potential: 3
- Propane: Global warming potential: 3
- Ethane: Global warming potential: 6

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

General information:
Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Consult supplier for specific recommendations. Do not discharge into areas where there is a risk of forming an explosive mixture with air. Waste gas should be flared through a suitable burner with flash back arrestor.
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C5H12 2500 PPM; C5H12 2500 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C4H10 5000 PPM; C3H8 2%; C2H6 5%; CH4 20%; N2 71.5%

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Disposal methods:
Refer to the EIGA code of practice (Doc. 30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at http://www.eiga.org) for more guidance on suitable disposal methods. Dispose of container via supplier only. Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.

European Waste Codes
Container: 16 05 04*: gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport Information

ADR
14.1 UN Number: UN 1954
14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Methane, Ethane)
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)
   Class: 2
   Label(s): 2.1
   Hazard No. (ADR): 23
   Tunnel restriction code: (B/ D)
   Emergency Action Code: 2SE
14.4 Packing Group: -
14.5 Environmental hazards: not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user: -

RID
14.1 UN Number: UN 1954
14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Methane, Ethane)
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)
   Class: 2
   Label(s): 2.1
14.4 Packing Group: -
14.5 Environmental hazards: not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user: -

IMDG
14.1 UN Number: UN 1954
14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Methane, Ethane)
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)
   Class: 2.1
   Label(s): 2.1
   EmS No.: F-D, S-U
14.3 Packing Group: -
14.5 Environmental hazards: not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user: -
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IATA
14.1 UN Number: UN 1954
14.2 Proper Shipping Name: Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s. (Methane, Ethane)
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es): Class: 2.1
Label(s): 2.1
14.4 Packing Group: -
14.5 Environmental hazards: not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user: -
Other Information
   Passenger and cargo aircraft: Forbidden.
   Cargo aircraft only: Allowed.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code: not applicable

Additional identification:
Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers ensure that they are firmly secured. Ensure that the container valve is closed and not leaking. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Ensure adequate air ventilation.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

EU Regulations
Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pentane</td>
<td>109-66-0</td>
<td>0.1 - 1.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isopentane; 2-methylbutane</td>
<td>78-78-4</td>
<td>0.1 - 1.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>propane</td>
<td>74-98-6</td>
<td>1.0 - 10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Directive 2004/37/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Concentration</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>propane</td>
<td>74-98-6</td>
<td>1.0 - 10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethane</td>
<td>74-84-0</td>
<td>1.0 - 10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pentane</td>
<td>109-66-0</td>
<td>0.1 - 1.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isopentane; 2-methylbutane</td>
<td>78-78-4</td>
<td>0.1 - 1.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Directive 92/85/EEC: on the safety and health of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breast feeding:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>methane</td>
<td>74-82-8</td>
<td>20 - 30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>propane</td>
<td>74-98-6</td>
<td>1.0 - 10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethane</td>
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<td>1.0 - 10%</td>
</tr>
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<td>78-78-4</td>
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Directive 96/82/EC (Seveso II): on the control of major accident hazards involving dangerous substances:

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<tr>
<td>pentane</td>
<td>109-66-0</td>
<td>0.1 - 1.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isopentane; 2-methylbutane</td>
<td>78-78-4</td>
<td>0.1 - 1.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butane</td>
<td>106-97-8</td>
<td>0.1 - 1.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutane</td>
<td>75-28-5</td>
<td>0.1 - 1.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work:

<table>
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National Regulations


This Safety Data Sheet has been produced to comply with Regulation (EU) 453/2010.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other Information

Revision Information: Not relevant.

Key literature references and sources for data:

Various sources of data have been used in the compilation of this SDS, they include but are not exclusive to:
- Agency for Toxic Substances and Diseases Registry (ATSDR) (http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/).
- European Industrial Gases Association (EIGA) Doc. 169 Classification and Labelling guide.
- International Programme on Chemical Safety (http://www.inchem.org/)
- ISO 10156:2010 Gases and gas mixtures - Determination of fire potential and oxidizing ability for the selection of cylinder valve outlets.
- The ESIS (European chemical Substances 5 Information System) platform of the former European Chemicals Bureau (ECB) ESIS (http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/esis/).
- The European Chemical Industry Council (CEFIC) ERCards.
- Threshold Limit Values (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).
- Substance specific information from suppliers.

Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of publication.
EH40 (as amended) Workplace exposure limits.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Wording of the R-phrases and H-statements in sections 2 and 3

H220 Extremely flammable gas.
H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.
H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
R12 Extremely flammable.
R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Training information: Users of breathing apparatus must be trained. Ensure operators understand the flammability hazard.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended.
Flam. Gas 1, H220
Press. Gas Compr. Gas, H280

Other information: Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Ensure equipment is adequately earthed. Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted. Note: When the Product Name appears in the SDS header the decimal sign and its position comply with rules for the structure and drafting of international standards, and is a comma on the line. As an example 2,000 is two (to three decimal places) and not two thousand, whilst 1.000 is one thousand and not one (to three decimal places).

Last revised date: 08.08.2016
Disclaimer: This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.