1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY

Product name: R408A
Company identification: see heading and/or footer
Emergency phone numbers: see heading and/or footer

2 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/Preparation: Preparation
Components/Impurities: Contains the following components: 46% w/w Trifluoroethane (R143a) {F=;R12} {EINECS No. 206-996-5}/7% w/w Pentafluoroethane (R125) {EINECS No. 206-557-8}/47% w/w Chlorodifluoromethane (R22) {N;R59} {EINECS No. 200-871-9}
EC Nr (from EINECS): Not applicable for preparations

3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazards identification: Dangerous for the ozone layer. In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Liquefied gas

4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: In low concentrations may cause narcotic effects. Symptoms may include dizziness, headache, nausea and loss of co-ordination. In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.
Skin/eye contact: In case of frostbite spray with water for at least 15 minutes. Apply a sterile dressing. Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical assistance.
Ingestion: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Specific hazards: Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode. Non flammable
Hazardous combustion products: If involved in a fire the following toxic and/or corrosive fumes may be produced by thermal decomposition: Carbonyl fluoride Carbon monoxide
Phosgene
Hydrogen chloride
Hydrogen fluoride

Suitable extinguishing media
All known extinguishants can be used.

Specific methods
If possible, stop flow of product.
Move away from the container and cool with water from a protected position.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters
Use self-contained breathing apparatus and chemically protective clothing.

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions
Evacuate area.
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.
Ensure adequate air ventilation.

Environmental precautions
Try to stop release.
Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.

Clean up methods
Ventilate area.

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling and storage
Suck back of water into the container must be prevented.
Do not allow backfeed into the container.
Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt.
Refer to supplier's container handling instructions.
Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limit value for country
UK: Trifluoroethane (R143a) - LTEL: 1000ppm
UK: Pentafluoroethane (R125) - LTEL: 1000ppm
UK: Chlorodifluoromethane (R22) - LTEL: 1000ppm (EH40/2002)

Personal protection
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Do not smoke while handling product.
Protect eyes, face and skin from liquid splashes.
9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling point: -43.5 °C
Critical temperature: 83 °C
Relative density, gas: 3 (air=1)
Relative density, liquid: 1.07 (water=1)
Vapour Pressure 20°C: 10.3 bar(a).
Solubility mg/l water: No reliable data available.
Appearance/Colour: Colourless gas
Odour: Ethereal

Other data: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability and reactivity: Stable under normal conditions.
Thermal decomposition yields toxic products which can be corrosive in the presence of moisture.
May react with aluminium.

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General: Pentafluoroethane (R125) - May produce irregular heart beat and nervous symptoms.
Chlorodifluoromethane (R22) - May produce irregular heart beat and nervous symptoms.

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General: Pentafluoroethane (R125) - When discharged in large quantities may contribute to the greenhouse effect.
Chlorodifluoromethane (R22) - May have damaging effect on ozone layer./Covered by the 'Montreal Protocol'./When discharged in large quantities may contribute to the greenhouse effect.

Ozone depletion factor: 0.026 (R11=1)
Global warming factor: 3100 (CO2=1)
13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General
- Must not be discharged to atmosphere.
- Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous.
- Refer to supplier's waste gas recovery programme.
- Contact supplier if guidance is required.

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Proper shipping name
LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S.

UN Nr
3163

Class
2.2

ADR/RID Classification code
2A

ADR/RID Hazard Nr
20

Labelling ADR
Label 2.2: non flammable non toxic gas

Other transport information
- Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.
- Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency.
- Before transporting product containers ensure that they are firmly secured and:
  - cylinder valve is closed and not leaking
  - valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted
  - valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted
  - there is adequate ventilation.
  - compliance with applicable regulations.

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Number in Annex I of Dir 67/548
Not applicable for preparations

EC Classification
Not classified as dangerous preparation.

-Symbols
N: Dangerous for the environment

Labelling of cylinders
-Symbols
Label 2.2: non flammable non toxic gas

-Risk phrases
RS9 Dangerous for the ozone layer.

-Safety phrases
S59 Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling
S61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety data sheets.
16 OTHER INFORMATION

Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.
Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frost bite.
Asphyxiating in high concentrations.
Keep container in well ventilated place.
Do not breathe the gas.
The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training.
Users of breathing apparatus must be trained.

This Safety Data Sheet has been established in accordance with the applicable European Directives and applies to all countries that have translated the Directives in their national laws.
Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.
Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press. Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

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